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- DIVISION OF WORKFORCE POLICY & INNOVATION (WPI) [ LAUNCHED JULY 2024 ]
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WPI purpose: leverage data and best practices to develop and propose strategic advancements to workforce development policies and programs.

LFPR: Can Arkansas Become a Force in Labor Force Participation?

**DISCLAIMERS:** 

NUMBERS PRESENTED HERE ARE ROUNDED AND DO NOT PRECISELY MATCH THOSE PUBLISHED BY U.S. BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS

EMPLOYED/EMPLOYMENT IS FULL TIME OR PART TIME

UNEMPLOYED/UNEMPLOYMENT IS UNRELATED TO UNEMPLOYMENT CLAIMS



Why this presentation?

Labor Force Participation Rate (LFPR):

59.4% = Department of Commerce 2028 Goal

58% = Current



## **Labor Force Terms & Definitions**

5 building blocks of unemployment and labor force participation:

(1) Unemployed
Unemployed + Employed = (3) Labor Force
(2) Employed

(4) Total Population
(civilian, 16+, and non-institutionalized)





Unemployment Rate = (1) Unemployed  $\stackrel{\circ}{\hookrightarrow}$  (3) Labor Force X 100 (expressed as a %)

Labor Force Participation Rate (LFPR) = (3) Labor Force  $\frac{6}{5}$  (4) Total Population X 100 (expressed as a %)



Are all the components of the Total Population shown here?

Are all the components of the Total Population shown here?

### HINT

- (1) Unemployed
- + (2) Employed
- + 1

(4) Total Population (civilian, 16+, non-institutionalized)



[[ Hint within the HINT: if LFPR = 58%, what is the 42%? ]]

### OOLF (Out of Labor Force)

- (1) Unemployed
- + (2) Employed
- + (5) Out of Labor Force (OOLF)

\_\_\_\_\_

(4) Total Population (civilian, 16+, non-institutionalized)



In Arkansas the OOLF rate is \_\_\_\_\_%

[[ Reminder hint: LFPR = 58% ]]



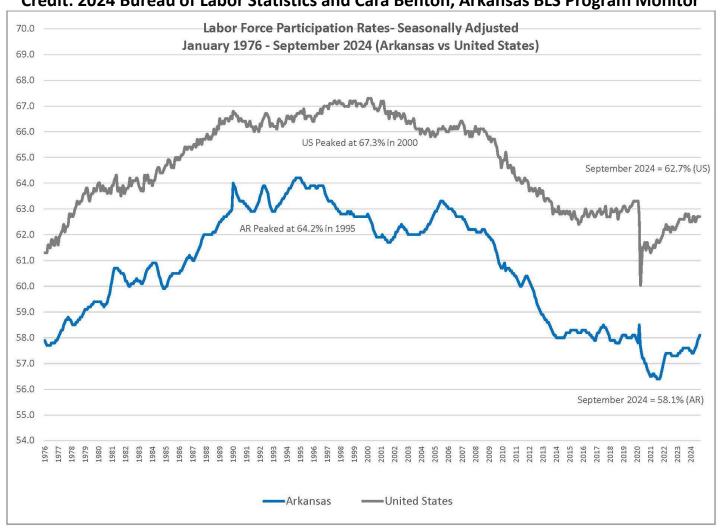
- (1) Unemployed (47,000 or 3%)
- + (2) Employment (1,400,000 or 58%)
- + (5) OOLF (1,000,000 or 42%) \*

(4) Total (workforce eligible) Population (2,447,000+ (civilian, 16+, non-institutionalized))



\* ~400,000 between 25 and 64 or roughly 20% of ages 25 - 54 or roughly 25% of ages 25 - 64

#### Credit: 2024 Bureau of Labor Statistics and Cara Benton, Arkansas BLS Program Monitor



Question: how many states have a net increase in LFPR since the U.S. peaked at 67.3% in 2000?



Answer: 2

Question: Which 2?



Answer: West Virginia, North Dakota

West Virginia moved up from 50<sup>th</sup> to 49<sup>th</sup>



DATA FROM NATIONAL GOVERNOR'S ASSOCIATION

#### BEST PRACTICE OPPORTUNITIES / DISCOVERY

\*States with net LFPR improvement since 1990: West Virginia, North Dakota

\*States that have improved LFPR relative to national average: Oklahoma, Iowa, Utah, Virginia, NJ, Nebraska \* DATA FROM NATIONAL GOVERNOR'S ASSOCIATION



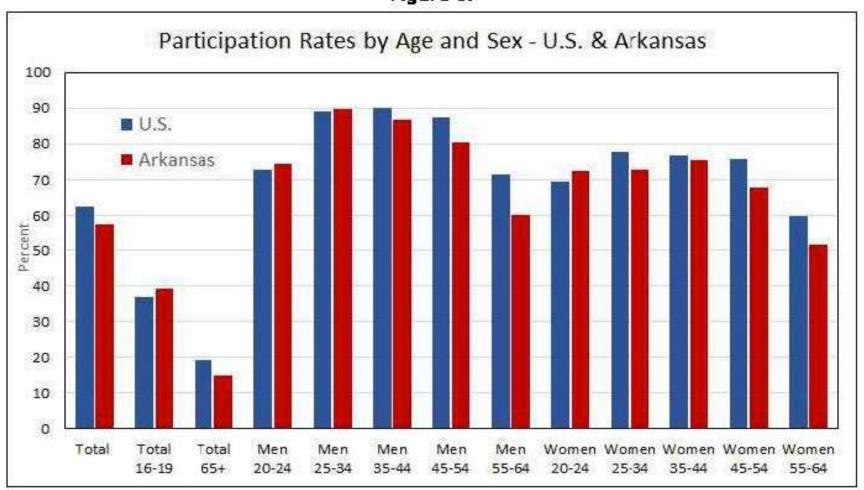
Many states have kicked-off specific initiatives addressing LFPR; a few where we already have specific information: Alabama, Louisiana, South Carolina, Tennessee, West Virginia (at least)

True or False: Arkansas is a retirement state.

True or False: the number of people incarcerated in Arkansas is affecting LFPR.



Figure 6:



Credit: Dr. Michael Pakko, Arkansas Economic Development Institute, "Labor Force Participation Rate in Arkansas", September 2024

# Plans and Opportunities:

59.4% by 2028: >90,000 (~25,000/yr) Labor Force increase (we're already on pace!)

Continuous Improvement in all workforce programs

Instituting best practices from other states

How do we find the OOLF?

Characterizing the OOLF: county level, disabilities, etc.

35 - 54

Arkansas Data Research Facility (ADRF)

Targeted outreach



Know how to find the OOLF? OOLF experiences to share? We want to hear from you!

PLEASE REACH OUT

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